TRESBP ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SUMMARY JUNE 2012

OVERVIEW

In June, 2012:

- 64,953 m³ of sand was pumped to Snapper Rocks East.
- There were no media articles which related directly to the project and only one media article that related to ocean storm conditions.
- Sea conditions were above average for most of the month with two major ocean storm events (12th - 14th & 29th) with peak significant wave heights to 5.2 m.
- 1,100 vessel crossings were recorded for the month (this is about 40% less than the June average).
- The estimated amount of sand moving north towards the Tweed River Entrance by natural processes is in the order of 167,000 m³ (this is about three times the June average).

1. SAND PUMPING & DREDGING

Sand Delivery June 2012

Pumped: $64,953 \text{ m}^3$ Dredged: 0 m^3 Total: $64,953 \text{ m}^3$

Sand Delivery January to June 2012 (YTD)

Pumped: $234,590 \text{ m}^3$ Dredged: 0 m^3 Total: $234,590 \text{ m}^3$

Sand Delivery January to June 2011

Pumped: $276,509 \text{ m}^3$ Dredged: 0 m^3 Total: $276,509 \text{ m}^3$

Stage II Sand Delivery May 2000 to June 2012

Pumped: 6,563,497 m³
Dredged: 2,039,104 m³
Total: 8,602,601 m³





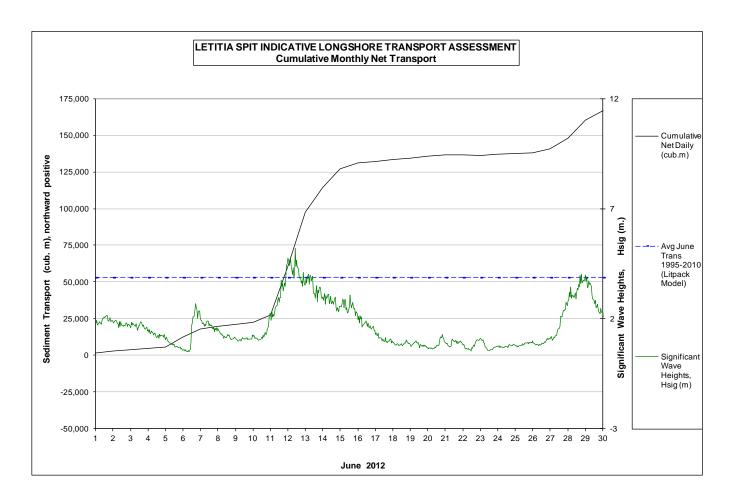


2. INDICATIVE LONGSHORE TRANSPORT

The graph below is based on simplified sediment transport modelling and is indicative only.

In June 2012 the estimated natural sand transport (moving N towards Tweed entrance): to be in the order of 167,000 m³.

This result is about three times the average sand transport quantity of approximately 53,000 m³ for the month of June.



3. MEDIA COVERAGE

There were no media reports directly relating to the project during June 2012.

However, the media did report on the ocean conditions resulting from severe ocean storm of 12th to 14th June with,

http://www.mydailynews.com.au/story/2012/06/18/tweed-buoy-records-9m-waves/ reporting in part,

"The Tweed wave rider buoy registered a humungous high reading of 9m..."

Please note that this wave height is a maximum recorded individual wave height and is distinct from the peak significant wave height of 5.2 m defined in Section 5 below.

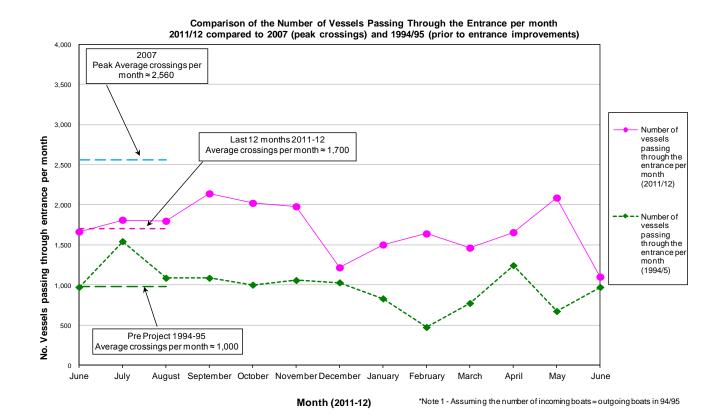
4. TWEED RIVER ENTRANCE CONDITIONS

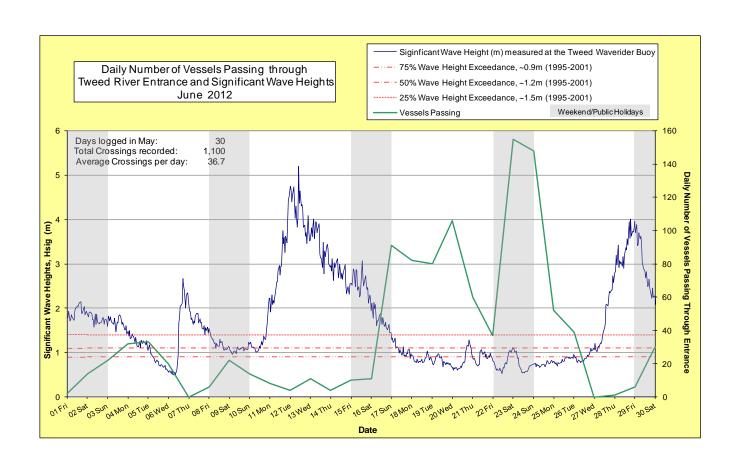
MARINE RESCUE NSW - MONITORING RESULTS

Weekends and public holidays

	Navigation Rating ImpassableGood					
Date	Impassable (1)	Difficulty Encountered (2)	Some Difficulty Encountered (3)	Relatively Good Crossing (4)	Good Conditions (5)	Number of Boats
1 st						2
2 nd						14
3 rd						22
4 th						32
5 th						33
6 th						20
7 th						0
8 th						6
9 th						22
10 th						14
11 th						8
12 th						4
13 th						11
14 th						4
15 th						10
16 th						11
17 th						91
18 th						82
19 th						80
20 th						106
21 st						60
22 nd						37
23 rd						155
24 th						148
25 th						52
26 th						39
27 th						0
28 th						1
29 th						6
30 th						30
	-	•	•		Total	1,100

Source: Marine Rescue NSW, Point Danger





TRESBP ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SUMMARY - JUNE 2012

5. WAVE CONDITIONS

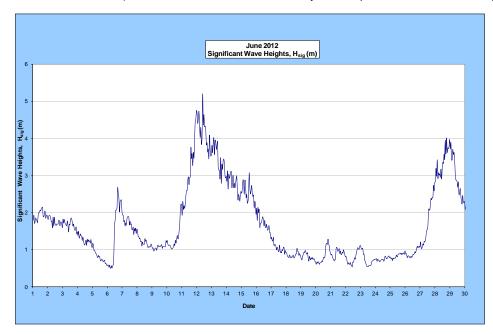
<u>Dominant swell condition</u>: Significant wave heights were above average for most of the month. There were two major ocean storm events (12th - 14th and 29th) with peak significant wave heights to 5.2 m. Swell direction ranged from ENE to ESE but dominantly from the E.

Major sea events: 12th - 14th and 29th June

Monthly minimum significant wave height: 0.5 m on 6th June. Monthly peak significant wave height: 5.2 m on 12th June. Number of days on which waves were below 1.0 m: 10 days Number of days on which waves were above 2.0 m: 10 days

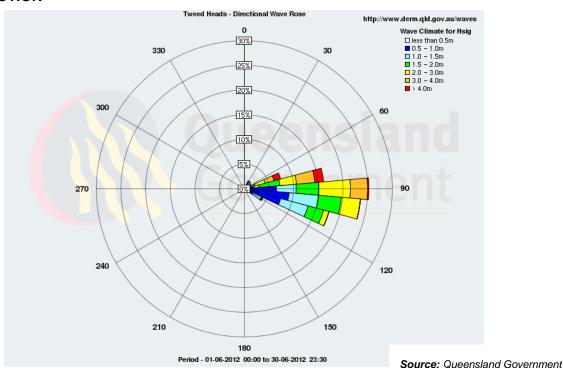
Note: Significant wave heights or H_{sig} is the average of the highest one third of recorded waves.

(Source: Tweed & Brisbane Wave Buoy; QLD Dept. Of Environment & Heritage Protection)



A link to data recorded by the Tweed Waverider Buoy is available at: http://www.ehp.qld.gov.au/coastal/monitoring/waves/index.php

WAVE DIRECTION



END